Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide
Safety Data Sheet
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Product name: Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide
Product code: 462

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture: Fungicide

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Bonide Products, Inc.
6301 Sutfiff Road
Oriskany, NY 13424
T (315) 736-8231
www.bonide.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number
Emergency number: CHEMTREC - 1 (800) 424-9300 and/or 1 (703) 527-3887

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification (GHS-US)
Acute toxicity, oral 5 H303
Skin corrosion/irritation 3 H316
Eye Damage/Irritation 2B H320
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure: Respiratory tract irritation 3 H335

2.2. Label elements
GHS-US labeling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US):

Signal word (GHS-US): Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US):
H303 - May be harmful if swallowed
H316 - May cause mild skin irritation
H320 - Causes eye irritation
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US):
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
P280 - Use personal protective equipment as required
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P317 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing.
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P332+P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P370+P378 - In case of a fire, use water fog, spray, or regular foam to extinguish.
Do not use a direct water stream.
P403+P405+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place locked up and tightly closed.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local/national regulations

2.3. Other hazards
Sulfur dust is HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. If suspended in air, it will ignite by friction, static electricity, heat, sparks, or flames. Sulfur dust clouds may explode.
May be corrosive to metal.
Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier (CAS Number)</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur</td>
<td>7704-34-9</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation: Assure fresh air breathing. Watch for signs of an allergic reaction. Use a bronchodilator inhaler if directed by asthma patient. Keep victim warm and quiet. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If heart has stopped beating, start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes, while holding upper and lower lid apart to insure rinsing of entire eye surface and lids. Do not use boric acid to rinse with. FOR SEVERE IRRITATION, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION, preferably an ophthalmologist.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Give one tablespoon of Syrup of Ipecac to induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. If vomiting has not occurred in twenty minutes, the same dose of Syrup of Ipecac may be repeated one additional time. Alternatively, vomiting may be induced by touching the back of the throat with a finger. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Individuals with known allergies to sulfide drugs may also have allergic reactions to elemental sulfur.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media


Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use direct water stream, as it could create sulfur dust clouds and cause an explosion or could move burning sulfur to adjacent areas.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard: Fire will rekindle until mass is cooled below 310°F (154°C). Cool surrounding areas with water fog to prevent re-igniting. Sulfur dust is HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. If suspended in air, it will ignite by friction, static electricity, heat, sparks, or flames. Sulfur dust clouds may explode.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firemen exposed to contaminated smoke should be immediately relieved and checked for symptoms of exposure to toxic gases. This should not be mistaken for heat exhaustion or smoke inhalation. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

Exposure Hazards: Prevent human exposure to smoke, fumes, or products of combustion (sulfur oxide gases). Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. If large fire, evacuate people downwind from fire. Consider evacuation for ½ mile in all directions.

Protection during firefighting: Wear full-faced, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Minor spills such as torn or ruptured containers should be repaired or patched with tape if possible. Place spilled material in a disposable container. Avoid getting dust in eyes.

Protective equipment: Maintain adequate ventilation. Wear a dust mask when dust is present or a respirator if smoke is present. Wear safety glasses.

Emergency procedures: As an immediate precautionary measure isolate spills or leak areas. Eliminate all sources of ignition, such as fires, sparks, or flames, in the immediate area. No smoking. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Gently sweep or shovel up spilled material using a natural fiber broom and/or aluminum shovel to prevent sparking, to avoid creating a dust cloud. Place sweepings in an appropriate chemical waste container for reclaiming or disposal in an approved facility. Wash spill site after clean-up is complete.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

All handling and conveying equipment should be properly grounded and bonded. Be careful not to create dust. Avoid any conditions that might tend to create a dust explosion. Maintain good housekeeping practices to minimize dust build-up and dispersion. Eliminate sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Use nonferrous tools, when available, to reduce sparking. Gently sweep or shovel up spilled materials using a natural fiber broom and/or aluminum shovel to prevent sparking. Maintain adequate ventilation in all areas.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Containers should be stored in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from flammable materials, sources of heat, flames, and sparks. Separate from chlorates, nitrates, and other oxidizing agents. Exercise due caution to prevent damage to or leakage from container.

Incompatible materials: Keep away from flammable materials, sources of heat, flame, sparks, chlorates, nitrates and other oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Maintain adequate ventilation in all areas. No fires or flames in area. Be careful not to create dust. Eliminate sources of ignition.

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory: Wear dust masks and use NIOSH/MSHA approved dust respirator if airborne concentrations exceed exposure limits.

Eyes/Face: Wear suitable, protective safety glasses to prevent eye irritation from dust.

Hands: Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking.

Skin/Body: Wear suitable, protective clothing to prevent skin irritation from dust. Wash skin thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Wash contaminated clothing separately before reuse.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Avoid release to the environment.

General Industrial Hygiene Considerations: Protective equipment should be used in any situation that may result in hazardous exposure. Maintain good housekeeping practices to minimize dust build-up and dispersion. Eliminate sources of ignition. Use nonferrous tools to reduce sparking. Sweep or shovel up spilled material using a natural fiber broom and/or aluminum shovel to prevent sparking. Maintain adequate ventilation in all areas.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid

Appearance: Yellow powder

Formula: Si (Rhombic or monoclinic)

Color: Pale yellow

Odor: Faint odor of rotten eggs

pH: No data available

Melting point/Freezing point: 118 - 120 °C (244-248°F)

Purity: 90.0% Min. Wettable; 98.0% Min. Dusting

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 240°C (464°F)

Boiling point: 832 °F (444 °C)

Flash point: 207°C (405°F) Closed Cup

Self ignition temperature: 464 °F

Decomposition temperature: Does not decompose

Flammability (solid, gas): May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Vapor pressure: 8 mmHg at 246°C (475°F) 1 mmHg at 183.8°C (362.8°F)

Vapor density: No data available

Relative density: No data available
Bulk Density: Lumps: 75-115 lbs./ft³ Powder: 33-80 lbs./ft³
Solubility: Insoluble
Specific Gravity: 2.07 @ 70° F
Explosive properties: No data available
Explosion limits: Upper: 6.38% (v) Lower: 0.17% (v)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
 Stable

10.2. Chemical stability
 Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
 Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
 Open flame. Extremely high or low temperatures. Sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials
 Oxidizing agents, copper, copper alloys, steel, chlorates, nitrates.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
 Oxides of sulfur gases produced by burning sulfur.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
 Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and eye contact.
 Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure: Nose or throat irritation, coughing, chest discomfort, asthma, difficulty breathing, skin irritation, Nausea, vomiting, stinging eye irritation, and hives.
 Exposure Limits: No exposure limits have been established.

11.2. Acute Symptoms and Effects
 Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation may cause irritation of respiratory tract. Breathing of dust may aggravate asthma and other pulmonary diseases.
 Eye Contact: Sulfur dust is an eye irritant.
 Skin Contact: No adverse effects. Skin irritation may be aggravated in persons with existing skin lesions.
 Ingestion: Ingested sulfur is converted to sulfides in the gastrointestinal tract (GI), and ingestion of 10 to 20 grams has caused irritation of the GI tract and renal injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.

11.3. Long Term Effects
 None known to humans

11.3. Toxicity
 LD50 Oral: >5050 mg/kg (rats)
 Dermal: >2020 mg/kg (rats)
 LC50 Inhalation @ 90%: >5.49-mg/L air concentration (rats)
 Skin Slightly irritating (rabbits)
 Eye Minimal irritation in non-washed eyes (rabbits)

This product does not contain any ingredient designated by NTP, IARC, or OSHA as a probable human carcinogen.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide</th>
<th>LC50 fish 1</th>
<th>866 mg/l (96 h; Brachydanio rerio)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 fish 2</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TLM fish 1</td>
<td>10000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threshold limit other aquatic organisms</td>
<td>&gt; 10000 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide</th>
<th>Persistence and degradability</th>
<th>Not established.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sulfur (7704-34-9)</td>
<td>Biodegradability: not applicable. Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Adsorbs into the soil.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide
Safety Data Sheet
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Sulfur (7704-34-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bioaccumulative potential</td>
<td>Not established.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Pow</td>
<td>0.23 (Estimated value)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bioaccumulative potential</td>
<td>Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow &lt; 4).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

**Ecology - soil**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur</td>
<td>Not toxic to bees.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other adverse effects**

Other information: Avoid release to the environment.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Waste treatment methods**

Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

Sulfur is not regulated if transported in non-bulk packaging (less than 400 kg or 880 lbs per package).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT (Domestic)</th>
<th>14.1 UN Number</th>
<th>14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name</th>
<th>14.3 Transport Hazard Classes</th>
<th>14.4 Packaging Group</th>
<th>14.5 Environmental Hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NA1350</td>
<td>Sulfur (Sulphur)</td>
<td>9 (Misc. Hazardous Materials)</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN1350</td>
<td>Sulphur (Sulfur)</td>
<td>4.1 (Flammable solid)</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN 1350</td>
<td>Sulfur</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This product is not a Marine Pollutant as defined in 40 CFR Part 172.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

**CAUTION:** Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. May cause irritation of eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes or skin. Avoid breathing dust vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information: None.

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Pesticides

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.